City Newsletter:

A. Role of the individual councilmember Councilmembers' statutory duties are to be performed, almost without exception, by the council as a whole. For example, it is the council and not individual councilmembers that must supervise administrative officers, formulate policies, and exercise city powers. Councilmembers should devote their official time to problems of basic policy and act as liaisons between the city and the general public. Councilmembers should be concerned, not only with the conduct of daily affairs, but also with the future development of the city. The most important single responsibility of a councilmember is participation at council meetings. In statutory cities, each councilmember, including the mayor, has full authority to make and second motions, participate in discussions, and vote on every matter before the council. Minn. Stat. § 412.191, subd. 2. Minn. Stat. § 13D.04. In a statutory city, the mayor or any two councilmembers of a five-member council or any three councilmembers of a sevenmember council may call a special meeting. Care should be exercised to give proper notice, however. As individuals, councilmembers have no administrative authority. They cannot give orders to or otherwise supervise city employees unless specifically directed to do so by the council. The council, however, has complete authority over all administrative affairs in the city. In Plan B cities, this authority is generally restricted to conducting investigations and establishing policies to be performed by the manager.

Mayor Julie Bruhn is requesting permission from the City Council to write an article in the City newsletter each month.

## City Meetings:

Smart Room is now functional. All City meetings have been happening in zoom. Does Council want to open the Event Center for all City meetings?